

Introduction to Operating Systems and the **BASIC Programming Language**

Command Prompt

echo

cd

REM

Command Prompt

dir

SYSTEM

PATH

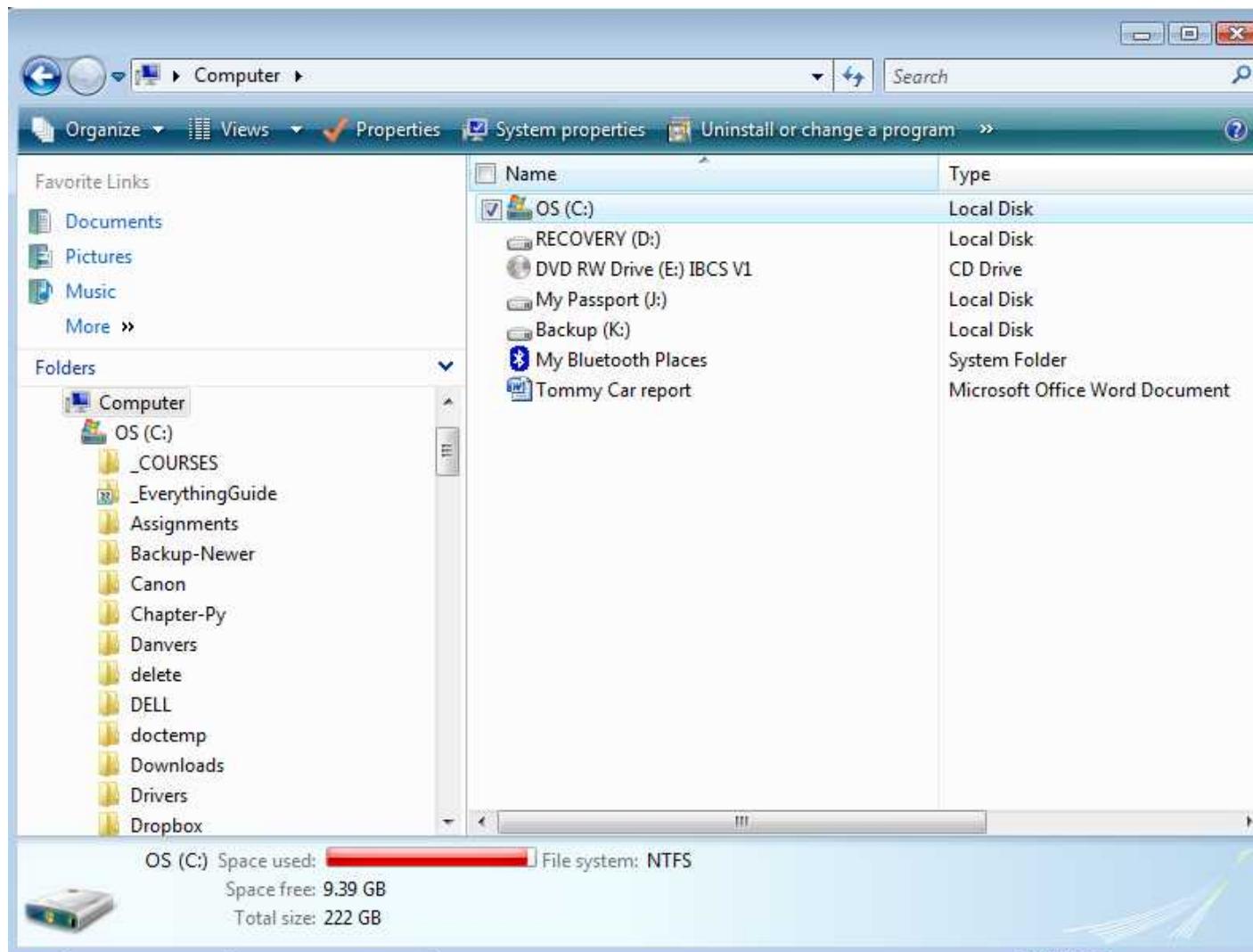
INPUT

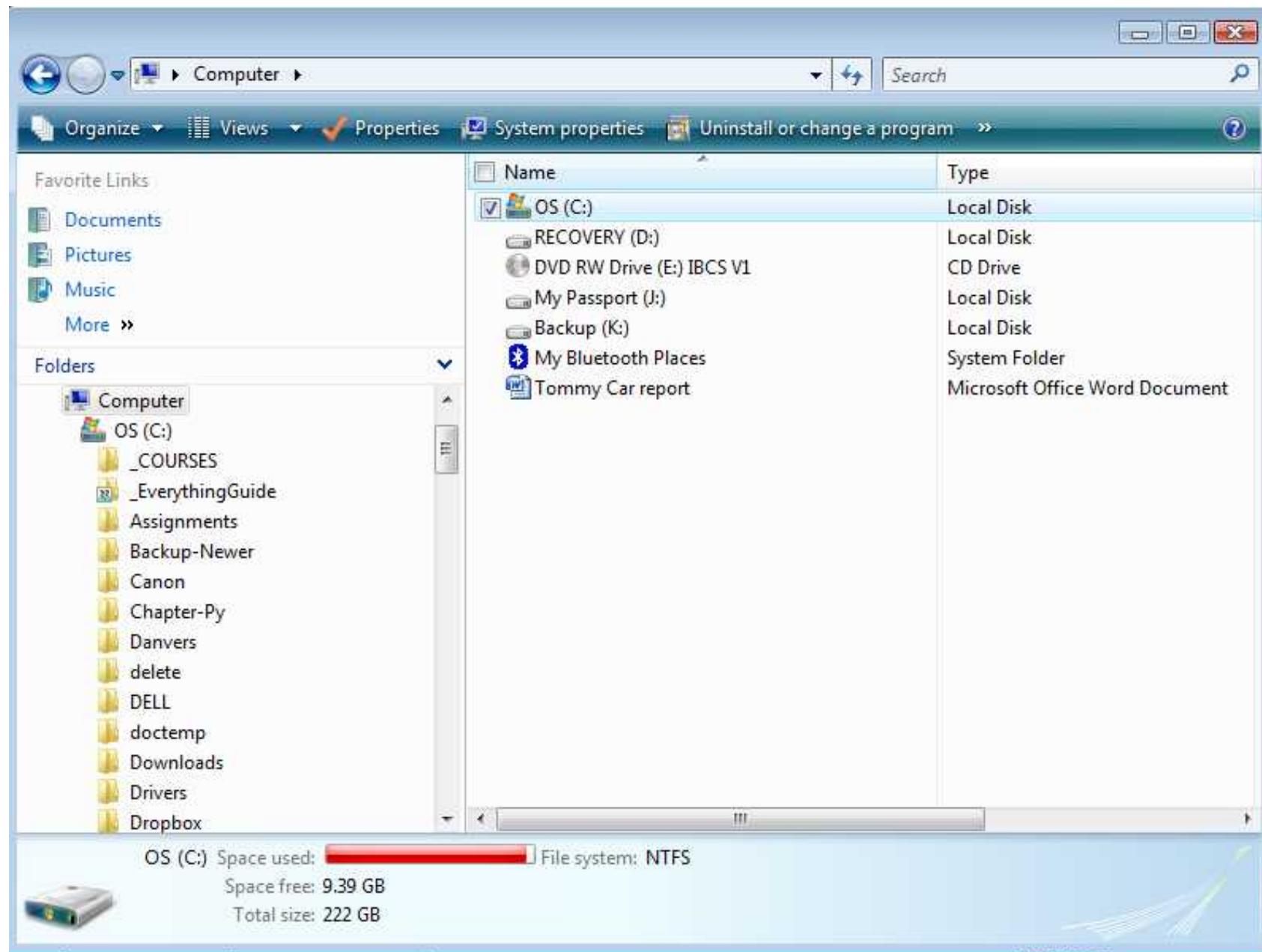
PRINT

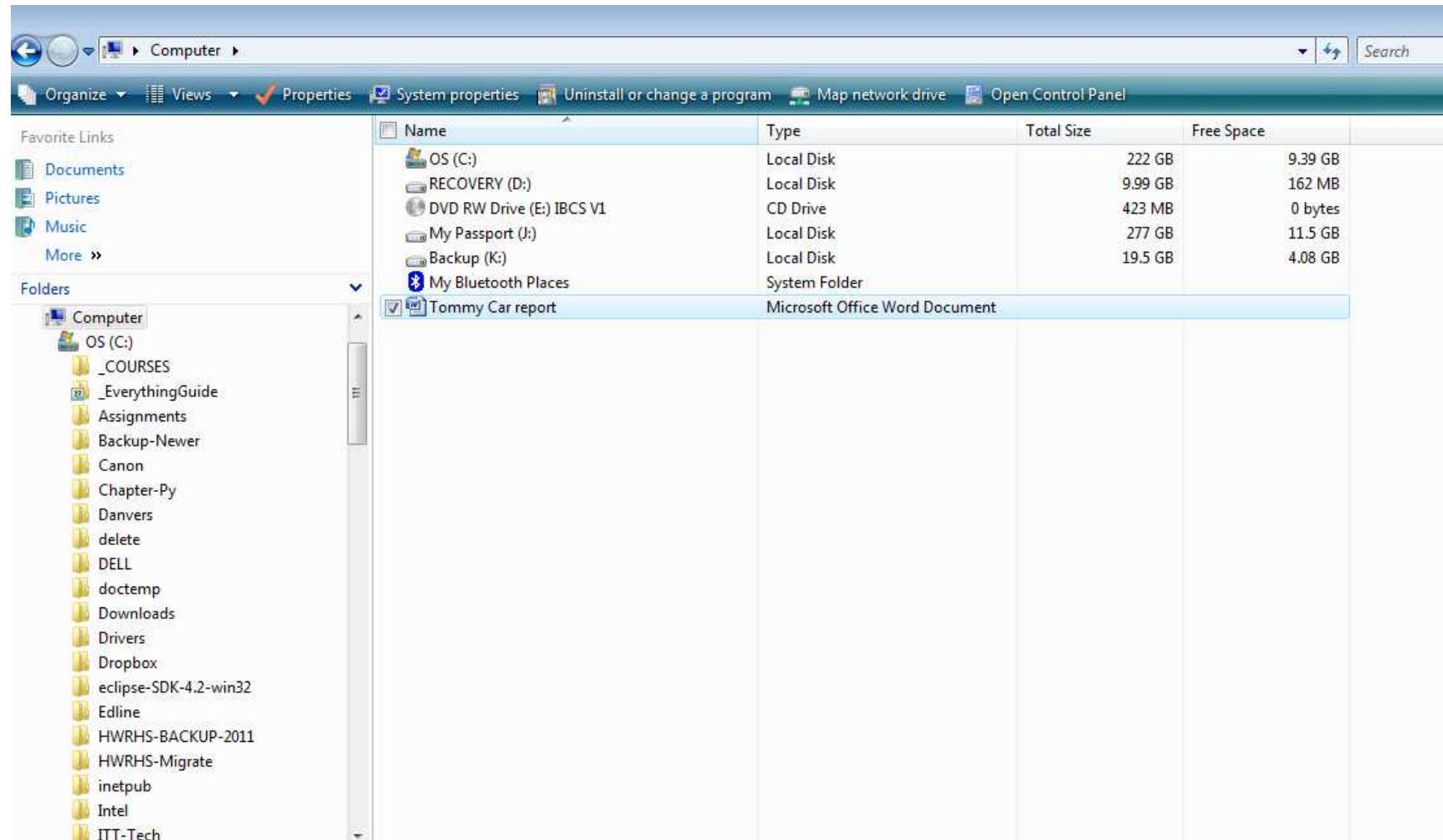
File Extensions

Starters:

What information can you identify from the following screen shot of Windows Explorer on my PC?







What is BASIC

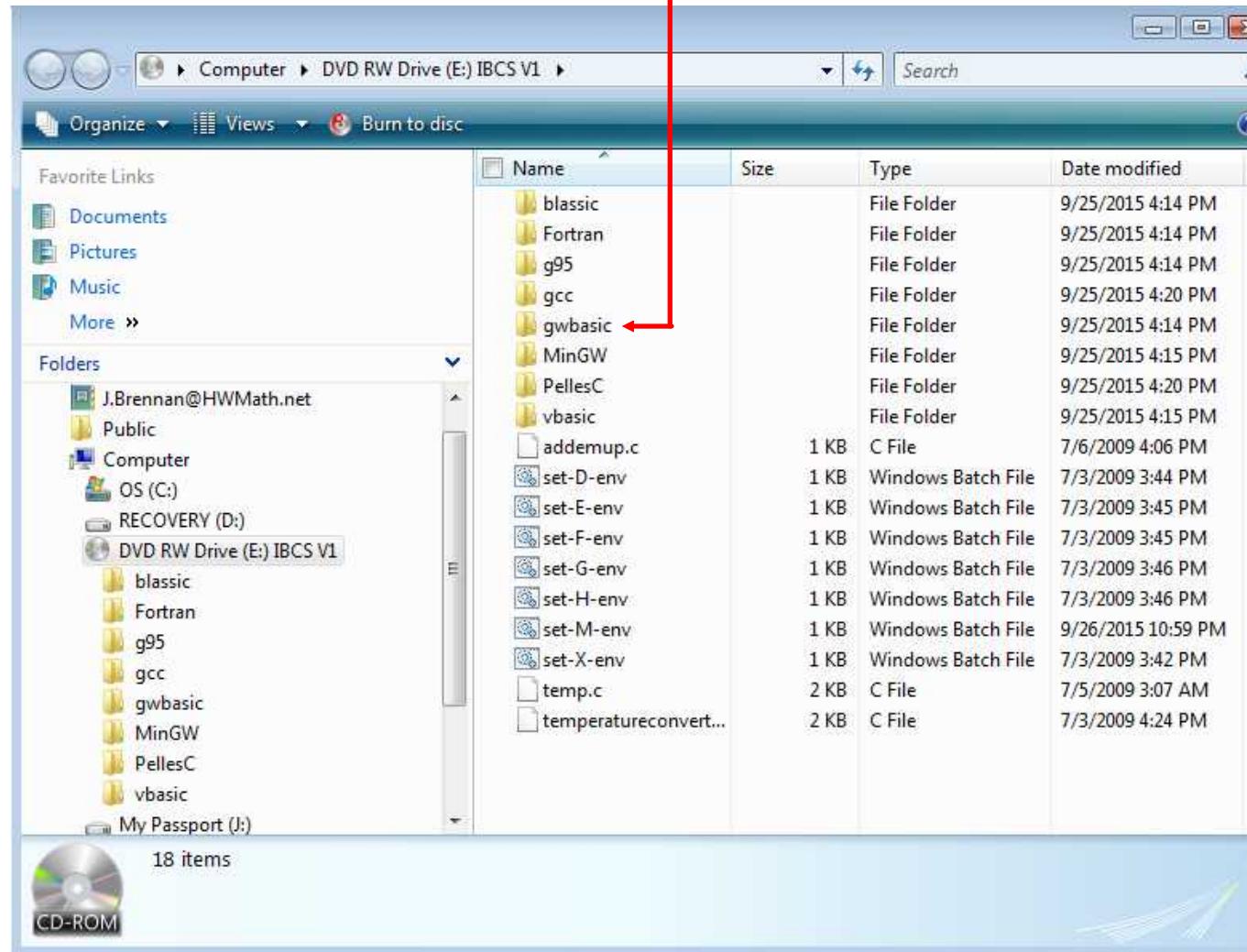
Running GWBasic from the CD

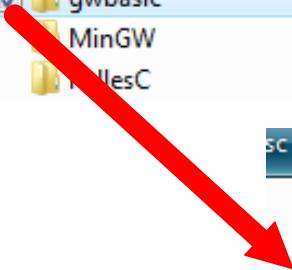
- 1) Insert the CD (supplied)
- 2) Select open folder to view files



Note: If the AutoPlay screen does not pop-up after you insert the CD, then open the CD from Windows Explorer.

3) Double click on the gwbasic directory to view the list of files and directories under gwbasic.

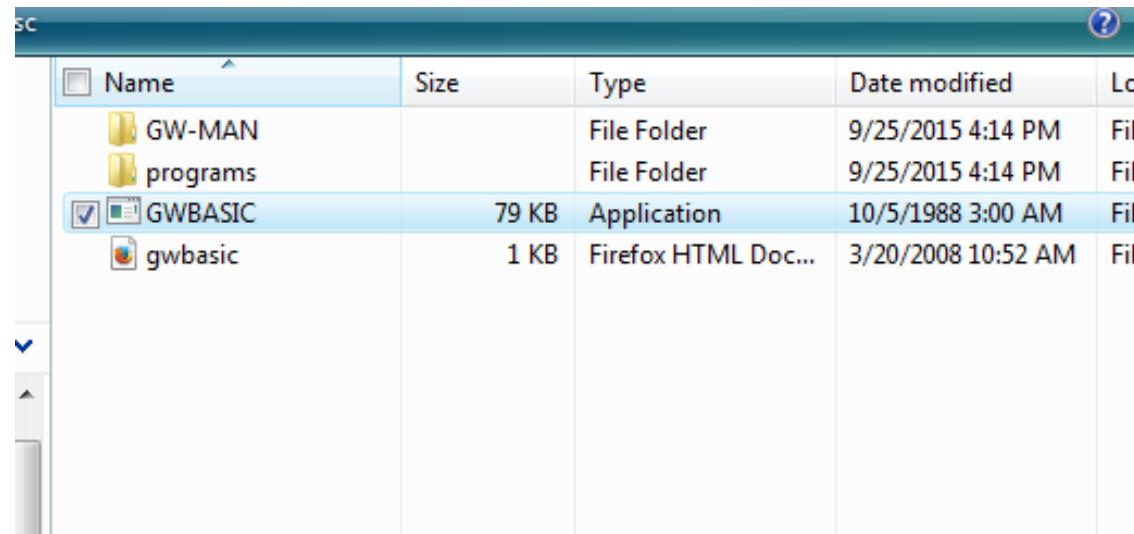




Name	Size	Type	Date modified	Loc
blassic		File Folder	9/25/2015 4:14 PM	
Fortran		File Folder	9/25/2015 4:14 PM	
g95		File Folder	9/25/2015 4:14 PM	
gcc		File Folder	9/25/2015 4:20 PM	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> gwbasic		File Folder	9/25/2015 4:14 PM	
MinGW		File Folder	9/25/2015 4:15 PM	
MinGW C		File Folder	9/25/2015 4:20 PM	

Name	Size	Type	Date modified	Loc
GW-MAN		File Folder	9/25/2015 4:14 PM	
programs		File Folder	9/25/2015 4:14 PM	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GWBASIC	79 KB	Application	10/5/1988 3:00 AM	
gwbasic	1 KB	Firefox HTML Doc...	3/20/2008 10:52 AM	

4) Double-click on GWBASIC to start the application

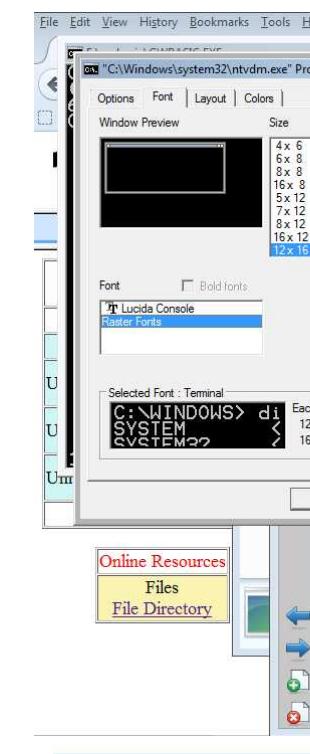
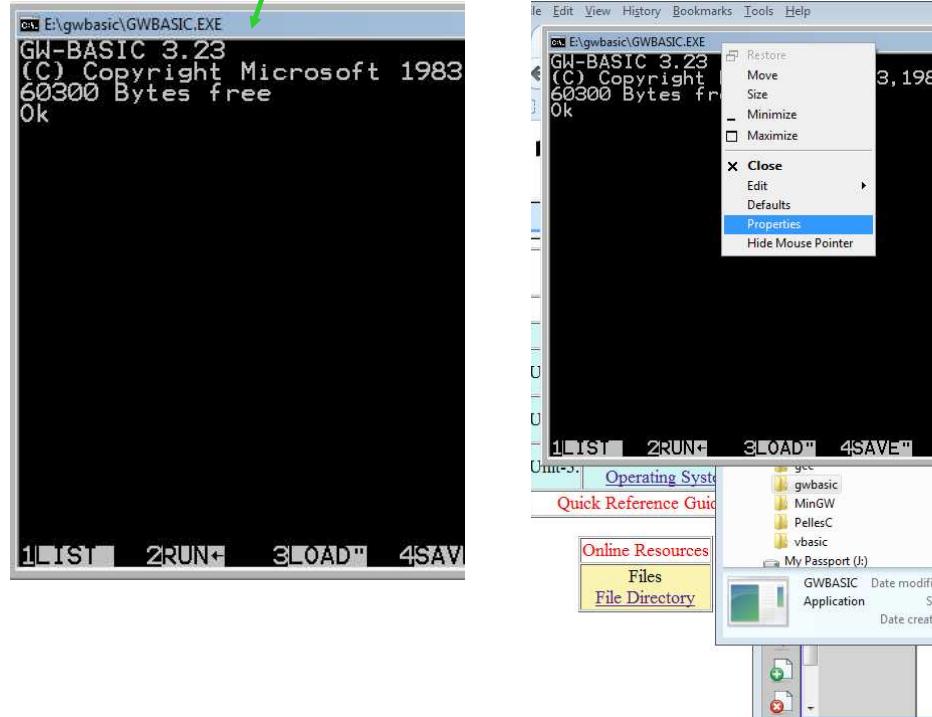


GWBasic is a program interpreter - but it is also its own program environment.

You can select which programs to open (load), edit, and run.

First, change the size of the window font by right clicking on the top bar and select Properties.

5) Select size 12x16



Running your first BASIC Program

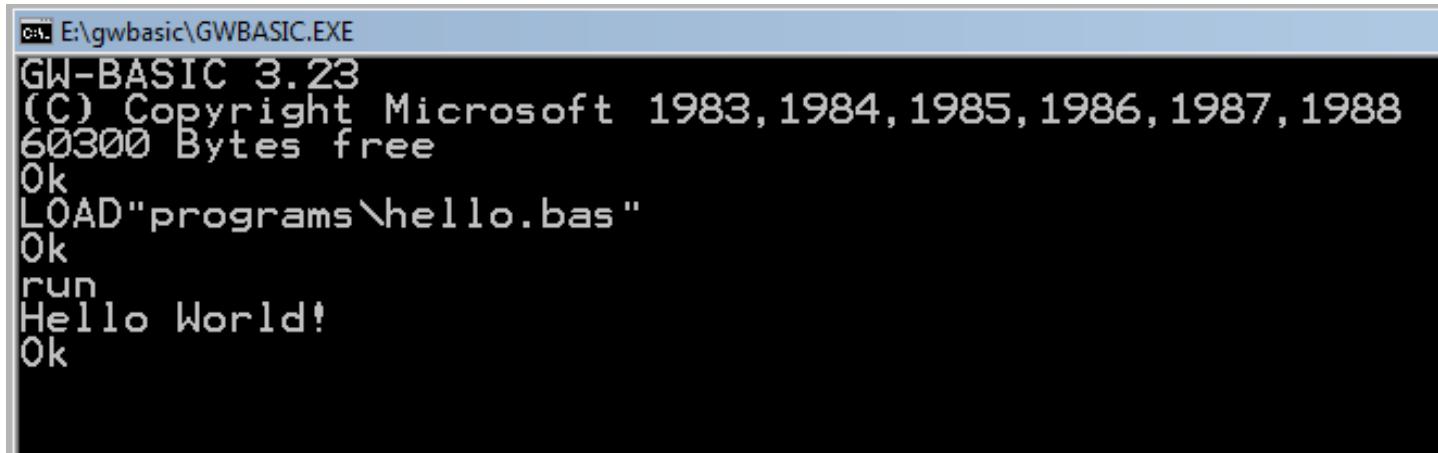
6) Load the program hello.bas which is located in a directory named programs. Issue the command:

LOAD "programs\hello.bas"

The Ok prompt tells you that gwbasic has completed a command and is waiting for your input.

7) run the hello.bas program by issuing the command:

run



A screenshot of a GW-BASIC 3.23 window. The title bar says "E:\gwbasic\GWBASIC.EXE". The window contains the following text:

```
GW-BASIC 3.23
(C) Copyright Microsoft 1983,1984,1985,1986,1987,1988
60300 Bytes free
Ok
LOAD"programs\hello.bas"
Ok
run
Hello World!
Ok
```

8) Issue the LIST command to view the program hello.bas

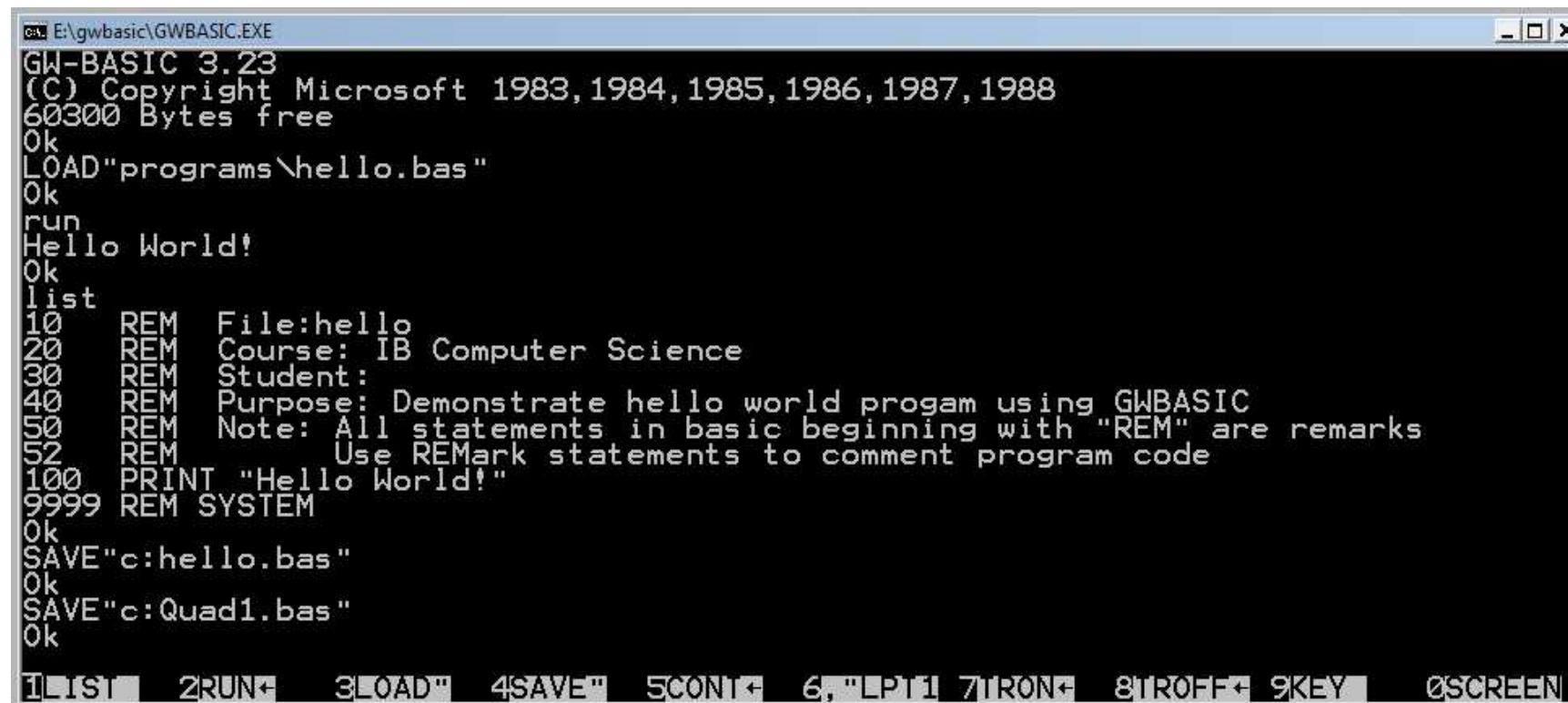
The screenshot shows a window titled "GW-BASIC 3.23" with the following text:

```
os: E:\gwbasic\GWBASIC.EXE
GW-BASIC 3.23
(C) Copyright Microsoft 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988
60300 Bytes free
Ok
LOAD"programs\hello.bas"
Ok
run
Hello World!
Ok
list
10 REM File:hello
20 REM Course: IB Computer Science
30 REM Student:
40 REM Purpose: Demonstrate hello world program using GWBASIC
50 REM Note: All statements in basic beginning with "REM" are remarks
52 REM Use REMark statements to comment program code
100 PRINT "Hello World!"
9999 REM SYSTEM
Ok
SAVE"c:hello.bas"

1LIST 2RUN+ 3LOAD" 4SAVE" 5CONT+ 6,"LPT1 7TRON+ 8TROFF+ 9KEY 0SCREEN
```

The window title bar says "os: E:\gwbasic\GWBASIC.EXE". The menu bar has "File", "Edit", "Run", "Load", "Save", "Control", and "Help". The status bar at the bottom shows keyboard shortcuts: 1LIST, 2RUN+, 3LOAD", 4SAVE", 5CONT+, 6,"LPT1, 7TRON+, 8TROFF+, 9KEY, 0SCREEN.

9) Save the program on the c: drive with the command
SAVE C:hello.bas



The screenshot shows a window titled "GW-BASIC 3.23" with the path "E:\gwbasic\GWBASIC.EXE". The window displays a BASIC program:

```
GW-BASIC 3.23
(C) Copyright Microsoft 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988
60300 Bytes free
Ok
LOAD"programs\hello.bas"
Ok
run
Hello World!
Ok
list
10 REM File:hello
20 REM Course: IB Computer Science
30 REM Student:
40 REM Purpose: Demonstrate hello world program using GWBASIC
50 REM Note: All statements in basic beginning with "REM" are remarks
52 REM Use REMark statements to comment program code
100 PRINT "Hello World!"
9999 REM SYSTEM
Ok
SAVE"c:hello.bas"
Ok
SAVE"c:Quad1.bas"
Ok
```

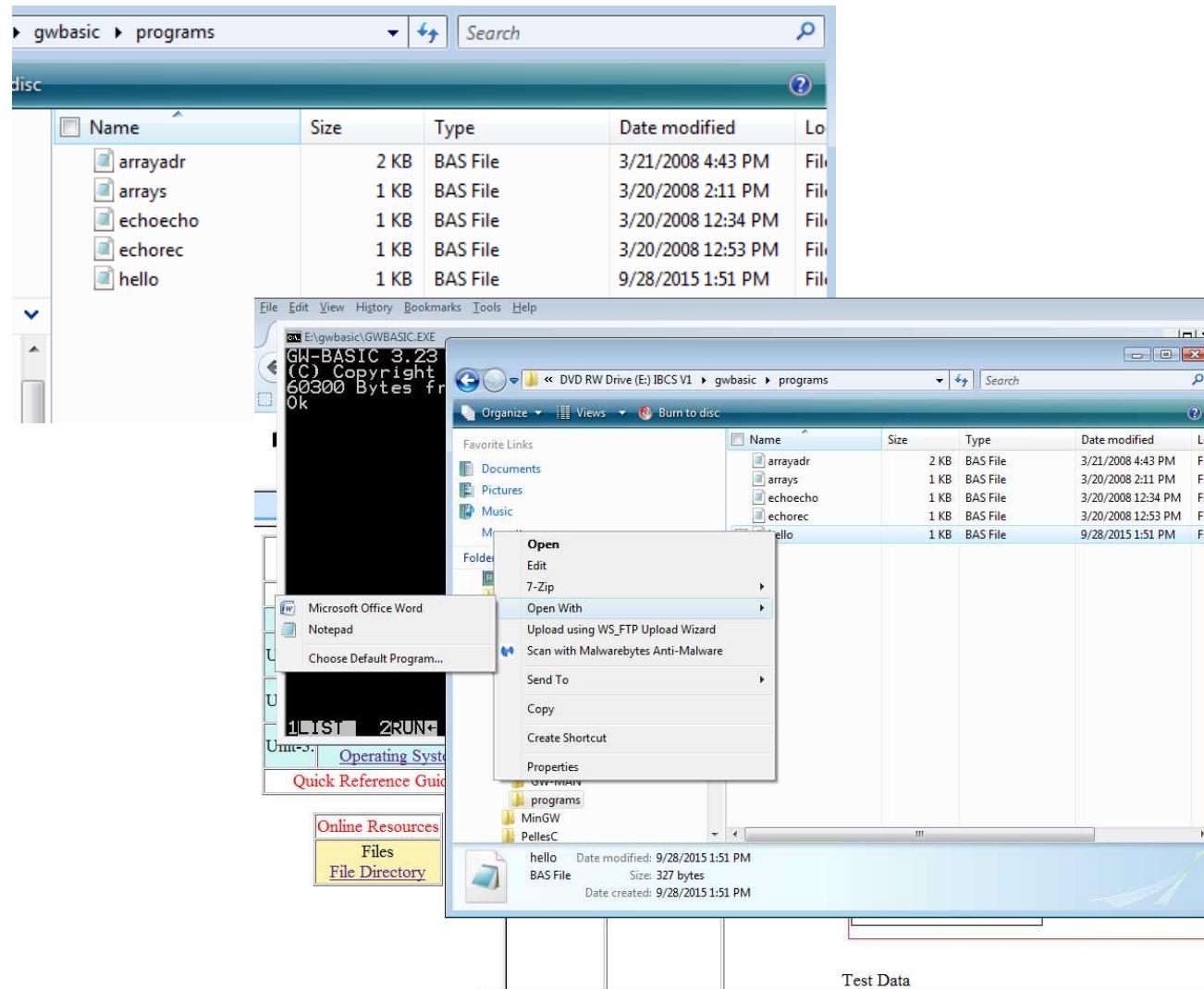
The status bar at the bottom shows keyboard shortcuts: **LIST**, **2RUN+**, **3LOAD"**, **4SAVE"**, **5CONT←**, **6,"LPT1**, **7TRON←**, **8TROFF←**, **9KEY**, and **0SCREEN**.

- 10) Save the program again using the command
SAVE C:Quad1.bas

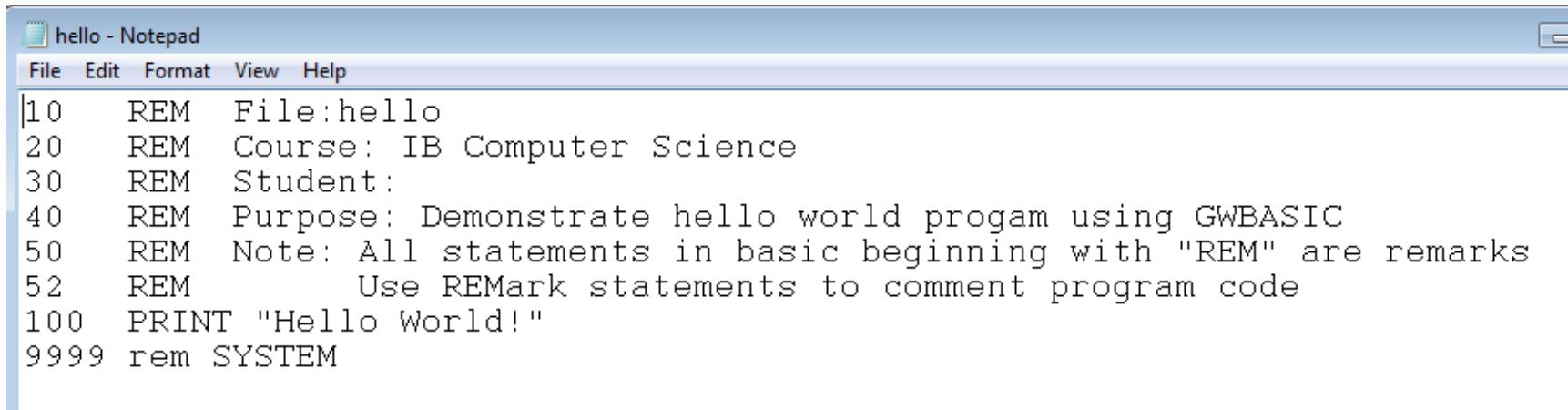
You will now make changes to the program to calculate the roots of a quadratic equation, similar to the one you created on the TI84.

Another way to copy the hello.bas program is to open the programs folder and open the hello.bas program using notepad.

Save the file as quad1.bas in your private work area.



This is the contents of the hello.bas program:



A screenshot of a Microsoft Notepad window titled "hello - Notepad". The window has a standard Windows-style title bar with icons for close, minimize, and maximize. Below the title bar is a menu bar with "File", "Edit", "Format", "View", and "Help". The main content area contains the following BASIC code:

```
10 REM File:hello
20 REM Course: IB Computer Science
30 REM Student:
40 REM Purpose: Demonstrate hello world progam using GWBASIC
50 REM Note: All statements in basic beginning with "REM" are remarks
52 REM           Use REMark statements to comment program code
100 PRINT "Hello World!"
9999 rem SYSTEM
```

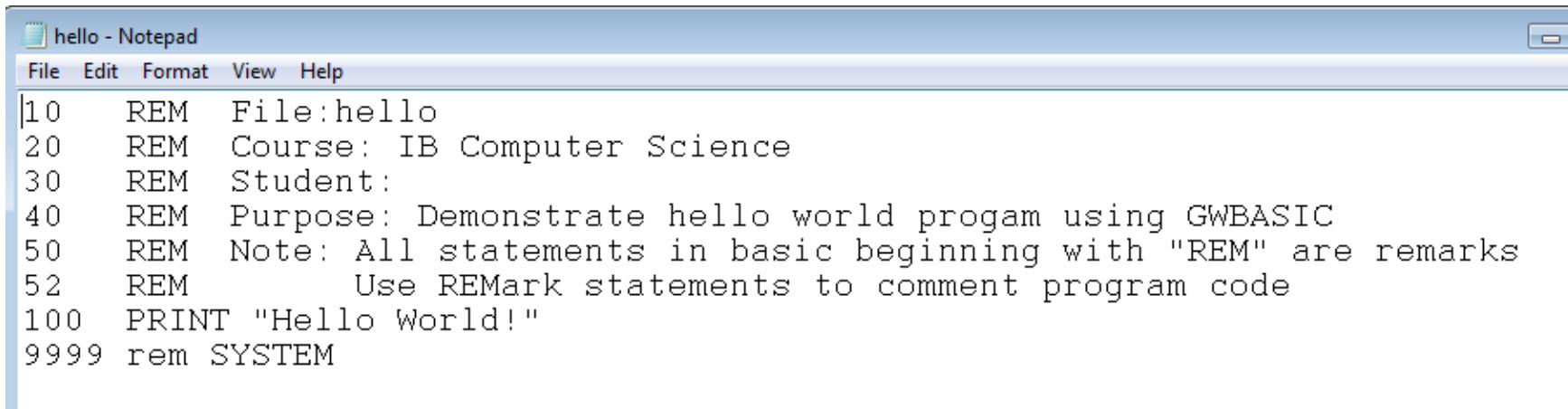
We will discuss each of these three BASIC statements:

REM
PRINT
SYSTEM

We will discuss each of these Operating System Concepts
Drive, Devices, Directories and Folders
Executable files and file-types

Editing your program:

Things to know:

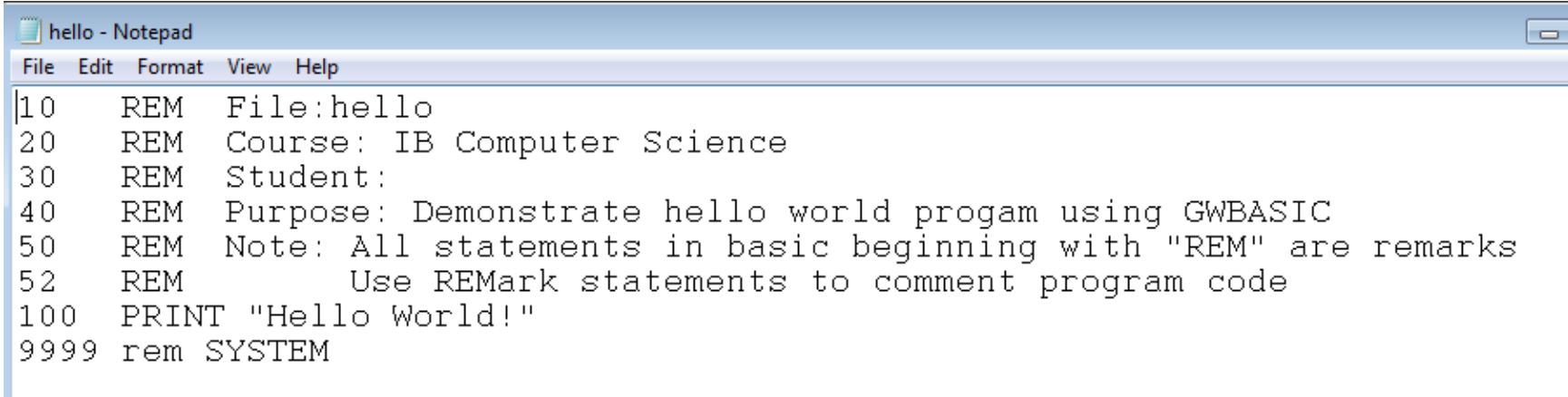


The screenshot shows a Windows Notepad window titled "hello - Notepad". The menu bar includes File, Edit, Format, View, and Help. The code in the editor is as follows:

```
10 REM File:hello
20 REM Course: IB Computer Science
30 REM Student:
40 REM Purpose: Demonstrate hello world progam using GWBASIC
50 REM Note: All statements in basic beginning with "REM" are remarks
52 REM           Use REMark statements to comment program code
100 PRINT "Hello World!"
9999 rem SYSTEM
```

- Line Numbers
- Variable names
- Getting input from the user
- Performing calculations
- Documenting the code
- Adding/deleting lines of code
- Pseudo-code

Add statements that both document the code and outline what is/or will be performed.



The screenshot shows a Windows Notepad window titled "hello - Notepad". The menu bar includes File, Edit, Format, View, and Help. The code in the text area is as follows:

```
10 REM File:hello
20 REM Course: IB Computer Science
30 REM Student:
40 REM Purpose: Demonstrate hello world progam using GWBASIC
50 REM Note: All statements in basic beginning with "REM" are remarks
52 REM           Use REMark statements to comment program code
100 PRINT "Hello World!"
9999 rem SYSTEM
```

```
10 REM File:QUAD1.bas
20 REM Course: IB Computer Science
30 REM Student:
40 REM Purpose: Convert the hello world program using GWBASIC
41 REM           into a program to calculate the roots of a quadratic
41 REM           equation.
50 REM Note: All statements in basic beginning with "REM" are remarks
52 REM           Use REMark statements to comment program code
100 PRINT "Begin program QUAD1.bas"
110 INPUT "Enter values for a, b, c (separate using commas): ",A, B, C
120 PRINT "You entered: ", A, B, C
200 REM Calculate D
210 D = 0
300 REM Calculate E
310 E = 0
400 REM Calculate F
410 F = 0
500 REM Send output to the users
510 PRINT "The roots are : ", E, F
9999 SYSTEM
```

Lines 200, 300, 400, and 500 document the code

Lines 210, 310, and 410 declare variables D, E, and F
and initialize them to 0

Line 110 gets input from the user, what does line 120 do?

When you run this program what do you expect line 510 to say?

Additional notes:

The exponent operator is ^
which is shift-[6] on the keyboard.

The square root function is SQR

The IF statement looks like this:

IF <condition is true> THEN <line# to goto>
if the condition is not true then the program will continue
on the line after the IF statement.

Example

IF D < 0 THEN 765

(note: I made that line number up)